

WEEK 5 – EXAMPLE EXERCISES

D) Fill the table with the data type, and most appropriate measures of centrality and spread.

Variable	Type	Centrality	Spread
Date of birth	Interval	Median	Range / IQR
Price of hotel room	Ratio	Median / Mean	Variance / SD / range / IQR
Nationality	Nominal	Mode (number of different categories)	—
Temperature (°C)	Interval	Median / Mean	Variance / SD / range / IQR
Likert Scale	Ordinal	Median / Mode	Range

2) For the following data set calculate its Mode, Median, Mean, Range, IQR, Variance and Standard deviation.

$$\{ 3.0, 3.2, 3.0, 4.9, 3.1 \}$$

- Mode : the most frequently occurring value

$$\underline{\text{Mode} = 3.0}$$

- Median : put in order, choose middle value

$$3.0, 3.0, \underline{3.1}, 3.2, 4.9$$

$$\underline{\text{Median} = 3.1}$$

- Mean : $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum x_i$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{3.0 + 3.2 + 3.0 + 4.9 + 3.1}{5}$$

$$\underline{\bar{x} = 3.44}$$

- Range : $\text{Max} - \text{Min}$

$$= 4.9 - 3.0$$

$$= \underline{1.9}$$

$$\bullet \text{ IQR} = Q3 - Q1$$

$$\begin{aligned}Q1 &= \text{the } \frac{1}{4}(N+1)\text{th term} \\&= \frac{1}{4}(5+1)\text{th term} \\&= 1.5\text{th term.}\end{aligned}$$

The 1st term is 3.0, and the 2nd term is 3.0, so the 1.5th term is $\frac{1}{2}(3.0+3.0) = 3.0$.

$$Q1 = 3.0$$

$$\begin{aligned}Q3 &= \text{the } \frac{3}{4}(N+1)\text{th term} \\&= \frac{3}{4}(5+1)\text{th term} \\&= 4.5\text{th term}\end{aligned}$$

The 4th term is 3.2 and the 5th term is 4.9, so the 4.5th term is $\frac{1}{2}(3.2+4.9) = 4.05$.

$$Q3 = 4.05$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{IQR} &= Q3 - Q1 \\&= 4.05 - 3.0 \\&= \underline{\underline{1.05}}\end{aligned}$$

- Variance : the average squared distance from the mean

$$\text{Var}(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \left((3.0 - 3.44)^2 + (3.2 - 3.44)^2 + (3.0 - 3.44)^2 + (4.4 - 3.44)^2 + (3.1 - 3.44)^2 \right)$$

$$= 0.5384$$

- Standard Deviation : $\sqrt{\text{Var}}$

$$Sd = \sqrt{0.5384}$$

$$= 0.73376$$
